Lab Activity 8: The Endocrine System

Introduction: The endocrine system is so named because it is a DUCTLESS system of cells, tissues, and organs that secret substances, called hormones. The hormones are transported via the blood to a target cell or organ or can be secreted directly into interstitial fluid. Once the hormones arrive at their respective target location, they will induce cellular changes.

Part I: Students will need to be able to identify on any given histology slide. Students will need to know the specific hormones produced or associated with each of the endocrine glands/endocrine structures.

<u>Pituitary gland slide</u> <u>Thyroid/Parathyroid glands slide</u>

Anterior lobe Thyroid gland Posterior lobe Parathyroid gla

Parathyroid gland
Follicle of the thyroid
Follicular cells
Colloid

Extrafollicular cells

<u>Pancreas slide</u> Islet of Langerhans or

pancreaticislets

For Part II: Students will need to identify the structures listed in the link for Part II: Lab Activity 8: Marcroanatomy structures

Textbook reference pages: 293; 298-308